Near-exhaustive Precomputation of Secondary Cloth Effects

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Real-time Cloth Animation Made Possible by Near-exhaustive Precomputation



29,654 vertices cloth mesh4,550 CPU-hours of precomputation66 MB run-time footprint

Data-driven Simulation

Run low-res simulation and add detail

Wang et al. 2010, Kavan et al. 2010, Feng et al. 2010 igodot

Model reduction

Treuille et al. 2006, Wicke et al. 2009

Tabulate the dynamics

James and Fatahalian 2003

Curse of dimensionality

- System under very controlled settings
- Low resolution / limited quality







Wang et al. 2010

Treuille et al. 2006





James and Fatahalian 2003



Leverage modern scale computing system to solve really hard problems Computer vision, speech recognition, machine translation, etc. May not be possible to have everything, but possible to have almost important data

Halevy and Norvig, "The Unreasonable Effectness of Data", 2009

Goals

High-quality cloth animation on a human character

As good as any off-line simulator

High-performance real-time implementation

Real-time execution on resource-constrained devices

Approach

- Leverage massive-scale precomputation to explore space of cloth dynamics
- Compactly represent the result of precomputation in a motion graph



Representing Cloth Dynamics



Input: Traditional Motion Graph



12 motion capture clips 3,115 frames Source from HDM05

Primary Motion Graph



Character Skeleton Pose State







Cloth state (vertex position and velocity)





Dead-end (leaf node)

Unrolled **Tree View**



Back-links Find the closest neighbor node in same primary state. If found, merge by adding back-link.

No Back-link Blending





No Back-link Blending





With Blending





With Blending + Error Visualization







Back-links Find the closest neighbor node in same primary state. If found, merge by adding back-link.



Continually run additional

simulations to remove largest errors in secondary graph



A B

Simulation Work Queue the merge error.

: Sim. work to extend from node A A

Sort the order of the dead-ends based on



С

Simulation Work Queue the merge error. extend the graph.

Sort the order of the dead-ends based on

Then, pop-out the highest-error node and





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Quantifying Transition Error





Error Function Max vertex position + time-scaled velocity difference



Geometric + Custom Error Metric







Unrolled Tree View

Geometric + Custom Error Metric





Classification We can categorize the states with arbitrary metric, such as hood's state. For example, E is merging two different state of the hood (up and down).





225 CPU-hours 4,906 Frames



1,653 CPU-hours 36,073 Frames



4,554 CPU-hours 99,352 Frames



Geometric + Custom Error Metric



EDC

Classification We can categorize the states with arbitrary metric, such as hood's state. For example, E is merging two different state of the hood (up and down).













Colored Edges

Color-coded character motion type (e.g. run, jump, cartwheel, etc)

Gray Edges

Back-links

Secondary Graph Compression

Out-of-core SVD Compression







33 GB 143 MB

66 MB







200 Bases (66 MB)



Reference (33,614 MB)



Live Demo



Summary



Secondary Graph Generation

100k frames over 4,500 CPU-hours

Cloth Simulator

Error Metric

Compression

66 MB

Interactive Playback 70 FPS on my laptop

Future Work



Integration with real-time simulator Generalization to other phenomena

70 FPS on my laptop

Interactive Playback

Potential for Precomputing the Behavior of **Complex Physical Systems**

Massive-scale computation Intelligent exploration of complex phase portrait







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Cloth simulator optimization

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Cloth and character modeling

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Thank You

